



GARDENIA

Gardenia augusta

- **Light:** Full sun
- **Care:** Keep soil moist and mist occasionally to keep humidity high. Feed monthly with plant food for acid-lovers. Move outside to shade when nighttime temps remain above 60 degrees.
- **Temperature:** 60 to 75 degrees



GERBERA DAISY

Gerbera jamesonii

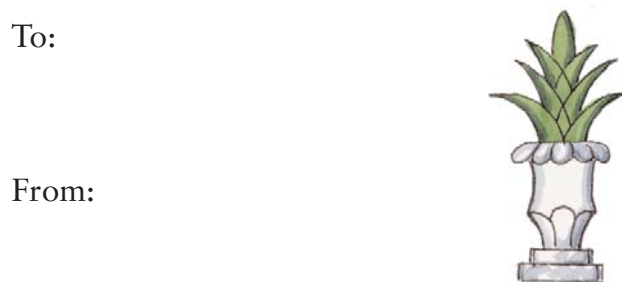
- **Light:** Bright light
- **Care:** Plant outside in full sun when nighttime temperatures remain above 55 degrees. Keep moist. Use a water-soluble fertilizer monthly while in flower.
- **Temperature:** 55 to 70 degrees



CINERARIA

Persicallis xhybrida

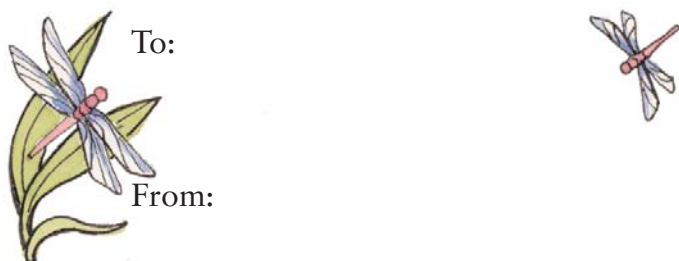
- **Light:** Bright light
- **Care:** Watch for bugs. Keep soil moist. No need to fertilize. Compost when finished flowering.
- **Temperature:** Flowers best at 45 to 60 degrees, but will tolerate higher temperatures.



KALANCHOE

Kalanchoe blossfeldiana

- **Light:** Prefers bright light, tolerates lower light when flowering.
- **Care:** Keep soil moist and leaves dry to prevent fungal problems. No need to feed. Compost when finished flowering.
- **Temperature:** 50 to 70 degrees



AZALEA

Rhododendron indica

- **Light:** Bright light
- **Care:** After flowers fade, deadhead and trim plant up and repot every couple of years. Keep humidity up by misting; keep soil moist. No need to feed when flowering. After it blooms, feed monthly with water-soluble, acid-lover's fertilizer.
- **Temperature:** Flowers best at 50 to 60 degrees, but will tolerate higher temperatures.



OXALIS

Oxalis spp.

- **Light:** Bright to medium light
- **Care:** After flowers fade, withhold water and set in a dry, dark spot. Resume watering in 2 to 3 months and move back to bright light. Let soil dry out between waterings. Fertilize monthly while flowering.
- **Temperature:** Stays freshest looking at 45 to 60 degrees, but will tolerate higher temperatures.

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